COMMUNITIES HOUSING TRUST

(COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE AND NOT HAVING A SHARE CAPITAL)
REPORT OF DIRECTORS AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 March 2022

Company number SC182862 Charity number SC027544

Communities Housing Trust (Company Limited by Guarantee and not having a Share Capital) The Report of the Trustees for the year ended 31 March 2022

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(Company Limited by Guarantee and not having a Share Capital) Board of Trustees and Advisors for the year ended 31 March 2022

Board of Trustees

Julia Campbell

Alasdair Christie

John Fotheringham

David Goodall

Jennifer Hodgson

Corrine Mackay Ronald Macwilliam

Alex Matheson

Maureen McDonald Cooke

Peter Mcluckie Audrey Sinclair Agnes Sliman

Brendan O'Hanrahan

Fraser Mackenzie Blair Allan Alistair Danter Resigned 11/05/22

Resigned 23/09/21

Resigned 20/04/22 Resigned 11/05/22

Resigned 23/09/21

Resigned 23/09/21 Appointed 05/10/21 Appointed 06/10/21

Secretary and Registered Office

Ronald MacRae 7 Ardross Terrace Inverness IV3 5NQ

Bankers

Triodos Bank Brunel House 11 The Promenade Bristol BS8 3NN

Auditors

A9 Accountancy Limited Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors Elm House Cradlehall Business Park Inverness IV2 5GH

Solicitors

Andrew A Murchison 5 Ardross Terrace Inverness IV3 5NQ

Communities Housing Trust (Company Limited by Guarantee and not having a Share Capital) The Report of the Trustees for the year ended 31 March 2022

The Trustees present their report and the audited financial statements for the year to 31 March 2022. The Company is recognised by the Inland Revenue as a Scottish Charity (charity reference number SC027544).

Principal Activities

- (1) To provide, or assist in the provision of housing for persons in necessitous circumstances, in the Highlands and Islands Electoral Region of the Scottish Parliament or such other area that may replace it ("the Primary Operating Area") and outside the said Highlands and Islands Electoral Region but always within Scotland ("the Secondary Operating Area")
- (2) To relieve the needs of persons suffering from mental or physical disability, illness or impairment or old age, through the provision, or assistance in the provision, of housing specially adapted to meet their requirements, primarily, but not exclusively, in the Primary Operating Area.
- (3) To promote education, particularly in the field of housing, primarily, but not exclusively, in the Primary Operating Area.
- (4) To promote, establish, operate and/or support schemes and projects of a charitable nature, which promote inclusion, sustainability and wellbeing, provided always that these are not dealt with on a commercial basis, for the benefit of communities in the Primary and Secondary Operating Areas.
- (5) To promote the advancement of citizenship or community development (including rural or urban regeneration and the promotion of civic responsibility, volunteering, the voluntary sector or the effectiveness or efficiency of charities) in the Primary and Secondary Operating Area.

To achieve this, the Trust works in partnership with the public sector, housing associations, the communities we seek to support and the private sector. The Outputs and Performance Report is enclosed within these papers on pages 6 to 10.

Reserves Policy

The Trust has undertaken a review of its reserves policy during the year. The Trust has set up as a restricted reserve, the grants it has received for "the purchase of land for development purposes". This reserve, being restricted, can only be spent in the furtherance of affordable housing provision.

The Trust has also identified as a designated reserve the surpluses made on the sale of land over the past few years. This reserve is able to be utilised by the Board of Trustees to meet CHT's core objectives.

Risk Management

The Trust's Board of Trustees and Advisers are fully committed to managing, and taking effective steps to deal with, all known risks to the Trust and its business operations.

Communities Housing Trust (Company Limited by Guarantee and not having a Share Capital) The Report of the Trustees for the year ended 31 March 2022

State of Affairs

The results for the year are set out in the attached accounts and explained in the following Output and Performance Report.

Review of year-end financial position

CHT continues to expand its scope of work in its progress towards sustainability and reducing its reliance on grant aid.

Unrestricted reserves policy:

Unrestricted reserves comprise

- Designated Reserve Landbanking Fund: comprises the surpluses made on the sale of land over the years. This reserve can be utilised by the Board of Trustees to meet CHT's core objectives to assist communities and their associated housing need.
- Revenue Reserve: comprises the surpluses made on rental properties and on activities other than landbanking and other distinct projects

Provision within this reserve is made to cover the following:

- · Minimum of three months' salary, associated pension costs and potential redundancy costs
- · Office rent and equipment rent as required by contracts
- · Rental properties maintenance and sinking funds
- · Any other such cost that may arise in connection with CHT's activities

The trustees determine that the reserves to cover the above costs would be £435,000. At 31 March 2022, unrestricted reserves were £444,613 and therefore the reserves policy is being met.

Nature of governing documents

The main documents which set out the operational framework for the charity are the Memorandum and Articles.

Plans for future period

We will continue to work with fragile communities and people vulnerable to issues such as increasing house prices, homelessness, lack of tenancy security, fuel poverty, special needs and age related challenges. We will work with key stakeholders to ensure the best outcomes for communities.

We will support community-led organisations to address the unique needs of their area, from the initial recognition of housing requirement and its link to economic and social viability, through to the completion of required housing with appropriate tenures for local incomes and making the best use of available grants.

It is CHT's objective to provide its services to a greater number of communities. The current opportunities arising from recent legislation on community empowerment and the availability of community specific grants has resulted in a growing demand for our expertise and we are confident in our ability to provide the support required.

(Company Limited by Guarantee and not having a Share Capital) The Report of the Trustees for the year ended 31 March 2022

We aim to develop land-banked sites to provide rental properties in some of the more remote communities and to explore the most efficient use of land that has proved difficult to develop in the past as well as secure new development opportunities to make the most effective use of current grant funding opportunities.

We aim to explore options which can support our drive towards sustainability.

Levels of funds held

Reserves currently stand at £3,705,650 (2021: restates £3,994,288), of this £3,256,037 are restricted (2021: restated £3,354,600).

The unrestricted reserves, excluding Cashback reserve (as required by the Rent to Buy Scheme), and Sinking Fund for properties, provides 6 months cover for costs as required by the Reserves Policy.

Board of Trustees

The Board of Trustees who served during the year are as follows:-

Julia Campbell

Alasdair Christie Resigned 11/05/22

John Fotheringham

David Goodall Resigned 23/09/21

Jennifer Hodgson

Corrine Mackay Resigned 20/04/22
Ronald Macwilliam Resigned 11/05/22

Alex Matheson

Maureen McDonald Cooke Resigned 23/09/21

Peter Mcluckie Audrey Sinclair Agnes Sliman

Brendan O'Hanrahan

Fraser Mackenzie Resigned 23/09/21
Blair Allan Appointed 05/10/21
Alistair Danter Appointed 06/10/21

None of the trustees have an interest in the Trust as the Company is limited by Guarantee.

Recruitment and Appointment of Trustees

Various organisations have the right to nominate Trustees to the Trust. These are the Highland Council, Albyn Housing Society Limited, Lochaber Housing Association Limited, Lochalsh and Skye Housing Association Limited, Pentland Housing Association Limited, the Scottish Crofting Foundation and Scottish Land and Estates. Community

Councils may nominate members of Community Councils and vote for six Trustees to be appointed annually at the AGM. Up to an additional four independent Trustees can be appointed by the members at AGM.

Communities Housing Trust (Company Limited by Guarantee and not having a Share Capital) The Report of the Trustees for the year ended 31 March 2022

Induction and Training of Trustees

The Trust undertakes an induction process for all new Trustees and regularly reviews the skills and training requirements of the Trustees.

Auditors

A9 Accountancy Limited have been appointed in accordance with Section 487(2) of the Companies Act 2006.

Small company provisions

This report has been prepared in accordance with the special provisions of Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The annual report was approved by the trustees of the charity on S. L. L. L. Land signed on its behalf by:

Ronald MacRae

Secretary

This past year has been a continuation of 2020-2021. In addition to the protraction of the Covid 19 pandemic, the ongoing impact of Brexit, we have seen increased supply chain disruption and an unprecedented increase in inflation making development even more challenging. Like many organisations, CHT's team have continued to work mainly from home, with a controlled return to office working and community and site visits taking place when required. Zoom and Teams meetings have continued as an efficient use of time and resources in our work in supporting communities and developing projects and reducing our environmental impact. Board meetings continue to be held via Zoom with an option for board members and staff to meet in the office and attend through the office video conferencing equipment. Recognition is due to the team and board for the accomplishments of this year.

Awards

CHT received four Scottish and UK awards during 2021-22:

- Excellence in Regeneration for Achtercairn, Gairloch, at the CIH Scotland Housing Awards
- Excellence in Innovation for the cross-subsidy self-build plots at Rothiemurchus, Aviemore, at the CIH Scotland Housing Awards
- Best Regeneration Project (Rural and Suburban) for Achtercairn, Gairloch, at the UK Inside Housing Development Awards
- Rural Housing award (joint winner) for the cross-subsidy self-build plots at Rothiemurchus, Aviemore, at Scottish Land & Estates' Helping It Happen Awards.

All received regional and/or national media coverage and we were able to raise our public profile as a result.

Progress to self- sustainability

We continue working towards becoming as self-sustaining as possible but there are challenges to achieving this goal. Our work providing general advice, initial engagement with communities and developing solutions to address the inherent challenges in remote and rural development can be resource intensive. However, we still do not receive core revenue funding from public agencies to provide this service and because of the geographical spread of our work we fall outwith the criteria for the majority of grant bodies. These activities are a vital function which allows us to guide and support communities assess their ambitions and to find ways to develop financially viable projects. This makes a significant contribution to Scottish Government's and Local Authorities targets for affordable housing and ensures that smaller communities housing needs are met, especially where there is a high proportion of holiday lets and second homes. Securing revenue funding from the Scottish Government, HIE and Local Authorities to continue providing this service is vital.

We would like to thank The Nationwide Foundation for their continuing financial support and for their flexible and proactive approach to supporting CHT.

Supporting communities: grant funding success

This year CHT successfully supported 16 community organisations to secure almost £3.2 million grant funding from the Scottish Land Fund (SLF), the Rural & Islands Housing Fund (RIHF) and other grant making bodies to take forward their housing and community developments. These grants will contribute to the provision of both affordable homes and other community assets and CHT will provide development support through to completion.

One example is Glendale on the Isle of Skye where we are working with the Glendale Trust to renovate and convert the disused Borrodale school into much-needed affordable homes for the local community.

(Company Limited by Guarantee and not having a Share Capital) Report Output and Performance Report for the year ended 31 March 2022

With the project focusing on principles such as recycling and reusing materials to help tackle the climate crisis, and boosting skills training in rural areas, it has received funding from a range of valued sources, including Historic Environment Scotland, the Architectural Heritage Fund, Crown Estates Scotland, and the Coram Trust. CHT has entered into an agreement to take forward the redevelopment and lease the property for 30 years from the Glendale Trust.

Supporting communities: scale

The challenges in development through labour supply and inflation has continued to delay construction but 4 developments of 13 homes completed this year, in:

- Edderton (July 2021) 2 homes for rent
- Staffin (January 2022) 6 homes: 2 for sale, 2 for Staffin Community Trust (SCT) community rent, 2 with Lochalsh & Skye Housing Association as well as a new NHS Health Centre and commercial units owned by SCT
- Applecross (March 2022) 3 homes for let for Applecross Community Company
- Cannich (March 2022) 2 homes for let for Strathglass and Affric Community Company

There are also 10 CHT and community-led housing developments on site which will provide 97 properties as well as 39 projects comprising over 300 homes at various stages in the development process. CHT also has a further 71 early-stage community enquiries which will be taken forward as resources permit.

Supporting communities: funding schemes updates

The availability of the SLF and RIHF continues to be the main driver in communities taking forward their own developments, both funds have been extended and R&IHF grant levels increased. These grants are key to giving communities the confidence to actively engage in community-led housing developments which will improve their future sustainability. The RIHF is also vital to CHT's ability to develop further homes for rent or discounted sale and serviced self-build plots especially in those communities where RSL's and Local Authorities are not building homes and communities do not have the capacity to take on housing development.

Discounted property sales

The expected sale of Rent to Buy properties continues to be disrupted by the impact of Covid on the incomes of some purchasers. The rental period for the people affected has been extended accordingly. We did, however, conclude the sale of 10 properties, including the last of the Greener Homes properties in Arisaig.

Rural Housing Burden

To date, 123 discounted properties have been sold with a Rural Housing Burden (RHB) and right of pre-emption. Spread over nearly 40 remote and rural communities from Staffin to Strontian, these are important community assets. CHT has exercised its right of pre-emption 13 properties offered for sale, with one in the pipeline. These properties were re-allocated to people with strong local connections to their community and shows the strength of the RHB as a means of retaining these properties' affordability and control over resale for the benefit of the community.

The Scottish Government has provided CHT with a Buy back loan facility of £500,000 to ensure the funds are available to exercise our right of pre-emption. This is a welcome addition of Scottish Government support of the Rural Housing Burden.

Housing people

2021-22 saw tenants move in to the 13 new homes built in Edderton, Staffin, Applecross and Cannich. We were also able to provide homes for a further 17 households in 15 communities, including both discounted rentals and sales. Currently, we have 64 homes providing secure tenancies for households in over 30 communities.

Overall in Highland we are seeing 3-4 times the demand for the properties we have available, based on number of relevant applications.

Other updates

As reported last year we continue to provide Development Agency services for Lochaber Housing Association and the Highland Council as well as community organisations mentioned previously.

Our social media presence remains strong with increased followers and interaction year on year. Our social media posts have been viewed well over 700,000 times this year (more than double last year's figures), and our audience has grown to 9,230 (up 12% on last year). As well as social media platforms to inform and raise awareness, staff have attended various on-line events and presented at some of these events and conferences. We have received increased regional and national news coverage, regularly featuring in the national press, the BBC, STV and others.

The Scotland-wide, Self-Build Loan fund, which CHT administers on behalf of The Scottish Government, was extended for a further year until August 2022 due to the level of enquiries and evidence that the mainstream self-build market is not supporting certain types of borrowers. Due to demand, ministers approved an additional £2 million for the Fund, taking the total to £6 million. This year, 17 loans (up 31% from last year) with a value of £2,554,600 were issued in 7 Local Authority areas taking the total number of loans issued to 39 with a combined value of £5,846,600.

CHT remains a leading member in the Woodland Croft Partnership spearheading the promotion of the forest croft agenda from Forestry and Land Scotland. The partnership with Glengarry Community Woodlands to develop a pilot scheme to provide woodland crofts of different tenures including a Rural Housing Burden took some steps forward with GCW securing all funding to buy their land and CHT in the process of acquiring the adjacent site. We continue to operate the Woodland Trust's bridging finance facility for woodland creation and/or management schemes to qualifying crofters and land managers. The loan fund will continue into 2023.

Partners

CHT would not be as effective as it is without the positive working relationships we have with the Scottish Government's More Homes Division, Local Authorities, Highlands & Islands Enterprise, landowners, RSLs and all the community groups with whom we work. We have also been working closely with South of Scotland Community Housing to formulate a joined-up approach to promoting community led-housing throughout Scotland and lobbying Ministers on related issues.

With the encouragement and support of the Nationwide Foundation, we began a joint monthly blog with South of Scotland Community Housing in January 2022, to share pertinent points on community-led housing with policymakers, communities, and to generally raise the profile of community-led development.

Summary

in summary, despite the challenges, CHT has continued to provide an excellent service to communities and support for the increase in community-led housing projects. The Board recognises the stresses caused by home working and our special thanks to the staff should be noted. It is credit to the staff that they have managed to keep projects moving forward and build relationships with new communities looking for solutions to their housing and sustainability needs. We do, however, need to identify additional grant funding to support the early community engagement work and this will be a priority along with monitoring the challenges presented by the on-going Covid pandemic and Brexit.

Annual Outputs 1. Community feasibility work and support 2. Community Development Support 3. Financial Support for communities 4. Housing Stock and Management	
feasibility work and	 During this year, we have carried out several Housing & Community Needs surveys including Aviemore, Mount Blair and Scourie. 71 early-stage enquiries on community-led developments Carried out 20 feasibility studies and 16 site investigations
Development	 Supported 49 communities to take forward developments 39 projects in the pre-development stage 10 projects in the construction phase
Support for	 Helped 16 communities secure grant funding totaling £3,193,011 6 of which were through the Scottish Land Fund with a value of £922,217 4 through the Rural Housing Fund with a value of £2,052,749 6 through other grant funders with a value of £218,045
Development Support 3. Financial Support for communities 4. Housing Stock and Management	 Housing stock of 64 rental properties at year end in 31 different communities 27 of the properties through the Rent to Buy Scheme 27 of the properties with Private Rented Tenancy Agreements (plus 11 lets managed on behalf of other organisations) 13 new homes provided in 4 different communities during the period 7 relets throughout the year 66 applications were received for the above 20 lets.
5. Houses on site	 CHT and community-led projects, 35 homes on site in 5 different communities Development Agency work projects, 62 homes on site in 5 different communities

6. House and plot sales	6 Rent to Buy properties sold 5 discounted properties sold
7. Self- Build	 3 discounted, serviced self-build plots available in Achabeag Acting as Rural Housing Body on behalf of Sleat Community Trust to sell 1 discounted plot, and the Knoydart Foundation Registering plot interest for future plots in Tomatin, Kilbeg, Raasay and Arisaig As agents for The Scottish Governments Self-Build Loan fund administered 17 new loans worth £2,554,600 bring the totals to 39 loans totalling £5,846,600 261 enquiries received on SBLF and 202 brochure downloads
8. Development Agency Work	 Development agent on all LHA projects through 3-year services agreement Development Agent for 2 Highland Council Project 10 Development Agency Agreements signed to provide services for community groups
9. Partnership Working & Policy	 Attend regular meetings held by The Highland Council and Scottish Government to discuss delivery of the Strategic Housing Investment Plan and enabling more housing Liaising with Local Authorities, e.g. Perth & Kinross, Argyll & Bute, Aberdeenshire and Moray Working with South of Scotland Community Housing on strategic approach for lobbying ministers on Community-Led Housing and surrounding issues Lobbying to retain both Scottish Land Fund and Rural and Islands Housing Fund Provided feedback and attended meetings with the Scottish Land Commission on Land for Rural Housing report

(Company Limited by Guarantee and not having a Share Capital) Statement of Trustees' Responsibilities for the year ended 31 March 2022

The trustees (who are also the directors of Communities Housing Trust for the purposes of company law) are responsible for preparing the trustees' report and the financial statements in accordance with the United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice) and applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the trustees to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under company law the trustees must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the charitable company and of its incoming resources and application of resources, including its income and expenditure, for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the trustees are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and apply them consistently;
- observe the methods and principles in the Charities SORP;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the charitable company will continue in business.

The trustees are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the charitable company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the charitable company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the charitable company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Disclosure of information to auditor

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Each trustee has taken steps that they ought to have taken as a trustee in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the charity's auditor is aware of that information. The trustees confirm that there is no relevant information that they know of and of which they know the auditor is unaware.

The annual report was approved by the trustees of the charity on annual report was approved by the trustees of the charity on annual report was approved by the trustees of the charity on annual report was approved by the trustees of the charity on annual report was approved by the trustees of the charity on annual report was approved by the trustees of the charity on annual report was approved by the trustees of the charity on annual report was approved by the trustees of the charity on annual report was approved by the trustees of the charity on annual report was approved by the trustees of the charity on annual report was approved by the trustees of the charity on annual report was approved by the trustees of the charity on annual report was approved by the trustees of the charity on annual report was approved by the trustees of the charity on annual report was approved by the trustees of the charity on annual report was approved by the trustees of the charity of t

Ronald MacRae

Secretary

(Company Limited by Guarantee and not having a Share Capital) Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Communities Housing Trust

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Communities Housing Trust (the 'charity') for the year ended 31 March 2022, which comprise the Statement of Financial Activities, Balance Sheet, Statement of Cash Flows, and Notes to the Financial Statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is United Kingdom Accounting Standards, comprising Charities SORP - FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' and applicable law (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the charity's affairs as at 31 March 2022 and of its incoming resources and application of resources, including its income and expenditure, for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice;
 and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the auditor responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the charity in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and the provisions available for small entities, in the circumstances set out in note to the financial statements, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the trustees use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the charity's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the original financial statements were authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the trustees with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

Other information

The trustees are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the

(Company Limited by Guarantee and not having a Share Capital) Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Communities Housing Trust

work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinion on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Strategic Report and Trustees' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Strategic Report and Trustees' Report have been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of our knowledge and understanding of the charity and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Strategic Report and the Trustees' Report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of trustees remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Responsibilities of trustees

As explained more fully in the Statement of Trustees' Responsibilities (set out on page 11), the trustees are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the trustees determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the trustees are responsible for assessing the charity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the trustees either intend to liquidate the charity or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

(Company Limited by Guarantee and not having a Share Capital) Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Communities Housing Trust

Extent to which an audit is considered capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. The specific procedures for this engagement and the extent to which these are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below:

We obtained an understanding of the legal and regulatory frameworks that are applicable to the company, focusing on provisions of those laws and regulations that had a direct effect on the determination of material amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The most relevant frameworks we identified include:

- United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice
- Companies Act 2006
- VAT legislation
- Health and safety

We gained an understanding of how the company is complying with these laws and regulations by making enquiries of management. We corroborated these enquiries through our review of external inspections, relevant correspondence with regulatory bodies and board meeting minutes.

We assessed the susceptibility of the company's financial statements to material misstatement, including how fraud might occur, by meeting with management to understand where it was considered there was susceptibility to fraud. This evaluation also considered how management were remunerated and whether this provided an incentive for fraudulent activity. We considered the overall control environment and how management oversee the implementation and operation of controls. In areas of the financial statements where risks were considered to be higher, we performed procedures to address each identified risk:

The following procedures were performed to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements were free of material fraud or error:

- Reviewing minutes of meetings of those charged with governance;
- Reviewing the level of and reasoning behind the company's procurement of legal and professional services;
- Performing audit work procedures over the risk of management override of controls, including testing of journal entries, evaluating the business rationale of significant transactions outside the normal course of business and reviewing judgements made by management in their calculation of accounting estimates for potential management bias.
- Procedures to confirm the existence and completeness of revenue ensuring recognised in line with the company's
 accounting policies.
 - Enquiries with management regarding the compliance with laws and regulations, including health and safety requirements.

Our audit procedures were designed to respond to the risk of material misstatements in the financial statements, recognising that the risk of not detecting a material misstatement due to fraud is higher than the risk of not detecting one resulting from error, as fraud may involve intentional concealment, forgery, collusion, omission or misrepresentation. There are inherent limitations in the audit procedures performed and the further removed non-compliance with laws and regulations is from the events and transactions reflected in the financial statements, the less likely we are to become aware of it.

A further description of our responsibilities is available on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

(Company Limited by Guarantee and not having a Share Capital) Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Communities Housing Trust

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the charitable company's trustees, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the charity's trustees those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the charitable company and its trustees as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

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Paul Capewell FCA (Senior Statutory Auditor)

For and on behalf of A9 Accountancy Limited, Statutory Auditor

Elm House Cradlehall Business Park Inverness IV2 5GH

Date:

Communities Housing Trust

Statement of Financial Activities incorporating Income and Expanditure Account and Statement of Total Recognised Gains and Losses
For the Year ended 31 March 2022

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	c and			2021/22	2							2020/21				
532,013		Unrestricted Funds	d Funds	Restricted Funds	d Funds			Total	Unrestricted Funds	Funds	Resir	Restated Restricted Funds				Total
	Operational Activity	ral Rental	Sale of Houses and Land	Pension	CHS	Faulds	Restricted		Operational	Rental	Sale of Houses	Pension	!	Faulds	Restricted	
Income Resources	64	ů.	ľa		L			·	CHAIN	Saltiadolla	and Land	pun	CHS	Reserve	Reserve	
Incoming resources from charitable activities	•	,	2		ч		a)	il.	tu?	બ	e e		4		ы	હ્ય
Revenue Grants	4 55,241	141					115.459	170 700	61 240							
Rental Income	2	325,578	78					375.578	0.00	27000			82,000		478,815	612,125
Sale Proceeds on Land Disposals	9		983,500					983.500		309,730	4 507					309,756
Fee Income	7 304,512	12	•					304 843	6 6 6 6		005,/86,1					1,587,300
Investment Income	8	167						187	600,002				33,407.00			300,066
Total Incoming Resources	359,920	325,578	983.500		.		415 450	4 784 467	200	000						383
Resources Expended							10,438	104'401	318,352	309,756	1,587,300	,	115,407		478,815	2,809,630
Charitable Activities																
Administration and Management	9 587,254	54 135,051	51 22,121					744 426	444 20E	620 500	000					,
Rental Expanditure	9	82,555						82.555	2021 14	53,233	99,479		169,058			791,592
	9		1,175,401					1.175.401		ens'es	4 624 440					68,905
	5/15 50	500 105,913	3					106.413	415	91 207	1,924,110					1,624,110
Cash Backs on Rent to Buy Sales		31,300	0					31,300		000						91,712
Total Resources Expended	587,754	54 354,819	1,197,522				34	2 140 095	A41 620	360 466	4 740 400					2,000
								200/25-14	070'1 66	CD6,400	381,217,1		169,058			2,581,318
Income/(expenditure) and net movement in	12 (227,834)	34) (29,241)	1) (214,022)				115,459	(355,638)	(123,268)	51,301	(124,886)		(53,651)		478.815	228.311
Transfer Between funds	227,834	34 (280,304)	4) 214,022		52,470		(214,022)	1	123,268	(123,268)	112,000				(112 000)	
Net Movement in funds		(309,545)		,	52,470	4	(98,563)	(355,638)		(71,967)	(12,886)		(53,651)	١.	366.815	228.311
Med lacoupinada Bantanonaga																
Actuarial gains/(losses) on defined benefit pension schemes				2000												
		120000		000.10				67,000	,			(62,000)				(62,000)
		(c+c'sor)	6	97,000	52,470		(98,563)	(288,638)		(71,967)	(12,886)	(62,000)	(53,651)	1	366,815	168,311
Funds at 31 March 2021		674,135	15 80,023	(62,000)	(52,470)	132,168	3,222,432	3,994,288	,	746,102	92,309		1.181	132.168	2.855.617	3 857.977
Funds at 31 March 2022		364,590	00,023	5,000		132,168	3,123,869	3,705,650	ν.	674.135	80.023	(62.000)	(42 d7n)		2 202 422	2 004 200
									K			To a continue of	A LLIVE	102,100	364,332,6	2,334,200

(The notes on pages 19 to 36 form part of these finacial statements)

on the

Communities Housing Trust Balance Sheet As at 31 March 2022

	Note	20	022	Rest 20	ated 21
Tangible fixed assets	17	£	£ 1,591,376	£	£ 1,379,405
Current assets					
Land banking and development properties	18	5,897,253		6,972,208	
Debtors	19	91,430		176,126	
Cash in hand	-	354,223 6,342,906		311,266 7,459,600	
Current liabilities					
Creditors due within one year	20	(1,016,906)		(1,196,942)	
Net current assets			5,326,000		6,262,658
Total assets less current liabilities			6,917,376		7,642,063
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	21		(3,216,725)		(3,585,775)
Net assets excluding pension liability		5	3,700,650	_	4,056,288
Net defined benefit asset / (liability)			5,000		(62,000)
Net Assets			3,705,650	=	3,994,288
Capital and reserves					
Restricted Reserves- Development	23				
- Properties and Development	23		3,123,869		3,222,432
- CHS	23		-		(52,470)
- Faulds Memorial Reserve	23		132,168		132,168
Designated reserves - land banking fund	23		80,023		80,023
Revenue reserves	23		364,590		674,135
Pension Reserves	23	_	5,000		(62,000)
		=	3,705,650	_	3,994,288

These accounts are prepared in accordance with the special provisions of Part 15 of the

Companies Act relating to small companies and constitute the annual accounts required by the Companies Act 2006 and are for circulation to members of the company.

Agnes Slimon - Chair

(The notes on pages 19 to 38 form part of these finacial statements)

Communities Housing Trust Statement of Cash Flows For the year ended 31 March 2022

Cash flows from operating activities	2022 £	2021 £
Net (expenditure)/income Adjustments for:	(355,638)	228,311
Depreciation of tangible fixed assets	36,509	26,257
(Profit)/Loss on sale of tangible fixed assets	(72,992)	*
Other interest receivable and similar income	(167)	(383)
Defined benefit charges	-	-
Changes in:		
Trade and other debtors	84,696	29,213
Stock	1,074,955	343,899
Trade and other creditors	46,278	(9,527)
Cash generated from operations	813,641	617,770
Interest received	167	383
Net cash generatedfrom/(used in) operating activities	813,808	618,153
Cash flows from investing activities		
Purchase of tangible assets	(33,219)	(213,824)
Proceeds from sale of tangible asstes	274,500	461,528
, and the second se	241,281	247,704
Cash flows from financing activities		
Repayment of borrowing	(1,557,132)	(1,265,316)
Cash inflows from new borrowing	545,000	42,500
	(1,012,132)	(1,222,816)
Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents	42,957	(356,959)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	311,266	668,225
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	354,223	311,266

(The notes on pages 19 to 38 form part of these finacial statements)

(Company Limited by Guarantee and not having a Share Capital) Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2022

1 General information

The charity is a private company limited by guarantee, registered in Scotland and a registered charity in Scotland. The address of the registered office is 7 Ardross Terrace, Inverness, IV3 5NQ.

2 Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with FRS 102, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland', the Statement of Recommended Practice applicable to charities preparing their accounts in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (FRS 102) (Charities SORP (FRS 102)) and the Charities and Trustee Investment (Scotland) Act 2005 and the Charity Accounts (Scotland) Regulations 2006.

3 Principal Accounting Policies

The Trust is a company limited by guarantee and does not have share capital. On winding up of the Trust every member has undertaken to contribute to the assets of the Trust for the payments of the debts and liabilities and of the cost of winding up the trust, such amount as may be required not exceeding one pound. If winding up occurs within one year of a member ceasing to be a member, then the above applies for debts and liabilities of the company contracted for before he/she ceased to be a member. The company has had charitable status since its inception on 10 February 1998.

The principal accounting policies adopted, judgement and key sources of estimation uncertainty in the preparation of the financial statements are as follows.

a Basis of Preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through income or expenditure.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

b Going concern

The trustees have considered the financial position of the charity and assessed the risks facing its business. In making this assessment they have considered the charity's ability to meet its future liabilities as they fall due and to comply with the financial covenants that the charity has entered into. The trustees have concluded that it is appropriate to use the going concern concept in preparing these financial statements.

c Income Recognition Policies

Items of income, including income from government grants, is recognised and included in the accounts when all of the following criteria are

- · The charity has entitlement to the funds;
- any performance conditions attached to the item(s) of income have been met or are fully within the control
 of the charity;
- there is sufficient certainty that receipt of the income is considered probable; and
- · the amount can be measured reliably.

Other income from charitable activities is recognised at the point of delivery of the goods and services, net of VAT where applicable.

Investment income is recognised when receivable.

(Company Limited by Guarantee and not having a Share Capital) Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2022

3 Principal Accounting Policies (Continued)

d Resources Expended

Resources expended are included on an accruals basis. It is recognised when there is a legal or constructive obligation to pay, when it is probable that a transfer of economic benefits will arise and when the amount can be measured reliably. Resources expended is inclusive of VAT which cannot be fully recovered. Certain expenditure is directly attributable to specific activities and has been included under these cost categories:

- Community engagement;
- Rental activity;
- · Landbanking activities;
- · SOP; and
- · Pension fund.

Governance costs include costs associated with the charity's constitutional and statutory requirements.

e Fund accounting

Funds are classified as restricted or unrestricted as defined below:

- Restricted funds are funds for specific purposes, which may be declared by the donor or with their authority.
- Unrestricted funds are those which can be expended at the discretion of the board for the furtherance of their charitable objectives.

Within designated reserves the board has designated funds for the purpose of providing funds for investing in land banking opportunities.

f Tangible Fixed Assets - Housing Properties

Housing properties are stated at cost less depreciation. See note 3n

g Tangible Fixed Assets - Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost, net of grants, of fixed assets over their estimated useful economic lives at the following rates

Land and buildings

straight line over 40 years

Furnishings and fittings

15% straight line

Equipment

20% straight line

h Capital Grants

Housing Properties

Capital Grants are receivable from Communities Scotland and the Highland Council for the provision of housing properties for rent. These grants are utilised to reduce the capital costs of housing properties and are recognised as income in the SOFA in accordance with note 3c and carried to Restricted Reserves.

Landbanking Grants

Grants are receivable from Communities Scotland and the Highland Council for the acquisition of land for future sale and development for affordable housing. These grants are included as Restricted Reserves.

(Company Limited by Guarantee and not having a Share Capital) Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2022

3 Principal Accounting Policies (Continued)

i Stocks

Land banking stocks are valued at the lower of cost (including capitalised borrowing costs) and net realisable value. The capitalised borrowing costs are the borrowing costs for the year in relation to the loans received for the specific development project until the development is complete. The capitalised borrowing costs for the year was £4,649 (2021 £13,182).

Feasibility studies are included at cost unless they are not to be developed into projects. The cost of a study is written off to the Statement of Financial Activities as soon as it is recognised that a project will not be developed.

i Financial Instruments

The trust only has financial assets and financial liabilities of a kind that qualify as basic financial instruments. Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at transaction value and subsequently measured at their settlement value with the exception of bank loans which are subsequently measured at the carrying value plus accrued interest less repayments. The financing charge to expenditure is at a constant rate calculated using the effective interest method.

Concessionary loans made or received as a social investment are initially recognised at the amount received or paid with the carrying amount adjusted in subsequent years to reflect repayments and any accrued interest and adjusted if necessary for any impairment.

k Taxation

The Trust is a registered charity and therefore is not liable to tax on its charitable activities.

I Employee benefits

Employee benefits are recognised as an expense and a liability in the period in which the employee services are delivered.

m Pension Schemes

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit schemes are charged as an expense as they fall due. The Trust also participates in the SFHA pension scheme as stated in Note 29.

Until 31 March 2018, the regular cost of providing retirement pensions and related benefits was charged to the SOFA annually on the basis of a constant percentage of earnings. The present value of future contributions payable under the deficit recovery agreement agreed with the pension fund trustee was recognised in the financial statements as a liability. Expenses relating to the unwinding of the discount rate on these contributions was shown as a finance cost in the SOFA in the period in which it arose.

Following structural changes at the SFHA pension scheme it has become possible for the first time to identify sufficient information to fully account for the pension fund as a defined benefit scheme in accordance with the Charities SORP. In accordance with section 28 of FRS102 the change in accounting treatment has been applied from 1 April 2018. The difference between the deficit funding liability brought forward and the defined benefit scheme liability is recognised as an operating expense within charitable activities in the SOFA.

From 1 April 2018 the charity recognises a defined net benefit pension asset or liability in the statement of financial position as the net total of the present value of its obligations and the fair value of the plan assets out of which the obligations are to be settled. The defined benefit liability is measured on a discounted present value basis using a rate determined by reference to market yields at the reporting date on high quality corporate bonds. Defined benefit obligations and the related expenses are measured using the projected unit credit method. Changes in the net defined benefit asset or liability arising from employee service are recognised in the SOFA as a current service cost where it relates to services in the current

(Company Limited by Guarantee and not having a Share Capital) Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2022

period and as a past service cost where it relates to services in prior periods. Costs relating to plan introductions, benefit changes, curtailments and settlements are recognised in the SOFA in the period in which they occur. Net interest is determined by multiplying the net defined benefit liability by the discount rate, both as determined at the start of the reporting period, taking account of any changes in the net defined benefit liability during the period as a result of contribution and benefit payments. Net interest is recognised in the SOFA.

n True and fair override

Heritable property is rented out and UK GAAP states that such property should be treated as investment property in accordance with the FRS 102. However, as the properties are not held for capital appreciation but to provide in rural areas accommodation which might not otherwise be available the directors have decided to treat these assets as a social investment in accordance with the Charities SORP and depreciate these properties annually. The directors consider that this treatment is more relevant to showing a true and fair view.

o Prior period adjustment

There was a prior period adjustment made in relation to a grant which should have been released in the prior year. The impact of this prior period adjustment is decreasing the land banking and development properties by £112,000 and increasing the cost of sale of land disposals by £112,000 in 2021.

4 Income from Charitable Activities

Revenue Grants		2022	
	Unrestricted	Restricted	Total
	£	£	£
Nationwide Foundation	54,890		54,890
SG Rural Housing Fund		65,459	65,459
Foundation Scotland		20,000	20,000
Historic Environment Scotland		30,000	30,000
Furlough Grants	351		351
	55,241	115,459	170,700

		2021	
	Unrestricted	Restricted	Total
	£	£	£
Nationwide Foundation		82,000	82,000
SG Forests for People	23,393		23,393
HIE Digital Development Grants	24,394		24,394
SG Rural Housing Fund		323,815	323,815
HC Development Grants		155,000	155,000
Furlough Grants	3,523		3,523
	51,310	560,815	612,125

(Company Limited by Guarantee and not having a Share Capital) Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2022

5	Particulars of income and expenditure from	lettings	2022	2021
	Income from lettings		Unrestricted	Unrestricted
			£	£
	Rents received		325,57	8 309,756
	Expenditure on lettings activities			
	Maintenance Costs		30,717	7 31,240
	Void Costs		1,380	
	Lease & Legal Fees		7,470	
	Depreciation		36,509	,
	Insurance		6,479	*
			82,555	
	Loan Interest		105,913	
	Total expenditure on lettings		188,468	
			,	
	Operating surplus on lettings activities		137,110	149,554
6	Colo of Land and December			
O	Sale of Land and Properties		2022	2021
			Unrestricted	Unrestricted
	Sale proceeds		£	£
	Cost of sales		983,500	1,587,300
	Surplus/(deficit) on disposal	25	(1,175,401)	(1,624,110)
	ourplus/(dentity off disposal	3	(191,901)	(36,810)
			2022	2021
7	Fee Income		Unrestricted	Unrestricted
			£	£
	Other Fees		304,512	330,066
			304,512	330,066
_				300,000
8	Investment Income	202	2	
		Unrestricted	Restricted	Total
	Interest Description from Leater	£	£	£
	Interest Receivable from banks	167		167
		202	1	
		Unrestricted	Restricted	Total
	Interest Bessivehle from the sta	£	£	£
	Interest Receivable from banks	383		383

Communities Housing Trust (Company Limited by Guarantee and not having a Share Capital) Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2022

9 Administration and Management

			7	2022		
	Community	Rentai	Landbanking	CHS	Pension	Total
	Engagement	Activity	Activities		Fund	
Staff Costs (see note 13)	467,949	92,902	58,493	'	,	619,344
Rent	21,833	5,038	6,718	•	•	33,589
Travel Costs	13,290	3,064	4,089	•		20,443
Recruitment Costs	10			•		10
Publicity	6,120	1,412	1,883	•	ı	9,415
Post Stationary and Office Costs	7,941	1,768	2,357	,		12,066
Telephone and IT	9,403	2,170	2,893	4		14,466
Digital Upgrade	9,489	2,190	2,920	'	i	14,599
Consultancy - Innovative Projects	39,152	9,035	12,047	'	,	60,234
Insurance	1,442	333	444	•		2,219
Meetings, Training & Venues	1,610	372	496	'	ı	2,478
Unrecoverable VAT	2,859	099	880	•		4,399
Board and Members expenses	75	17	23	•		115
Audit Fees	5,269	1,215	1,620	•		8,104
Accountancy Fees	812	188	250			1,250
Bad Debt Provision	•	14,687	1	•		14,687
(Profit)/Loss on Disposal of Fixed Assets		1	(72,992)		1	(72,992)
	587,254	135,051	22,121		,	744,426

The above expenditure of charitable activities was £744,426 (2021: £791,592) of which £744,426 was unrestricted (2021: £622,534) and £nil was restricted (2021: £169,058).

Communities Housing Trust

(Company Limited by Guarantee and not having a Share Capital) Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2022

9 Administration and Management (continued)

	Total		ú	_	32,040	55,055	11,533	849	12 800	10,000	0.	19,648	32 481	54 685	2 885	1, a	0.100	0, 142	' (3,000	
	Pension	Fund	ب	r	ı	•	•	1		1	•	,	r	•	•	,		•	•	2	1
		CHS	¢,i	139 276	10,008	1 204	1671		2.211	25.50	000.0	3,089	6,460	583	380	2 087	814	5	1 000 1	160 058	000,000
2021	Landbanking	Activities	43	54.392	4 729	2 6	2,1		2,336	1.656	2 242	2,5,5	5,204	10,820	497	816	1 466	<u>}</u>	3008	88 076	22,20
	Rentai	Activity	фì	67,990	3,547	1.536	-		1,752	1,242	2 484	+0+1 - 2	3,903	8,115	373	612	1.098		900	93.253	221/22
	Community	Engagement	сıз	330,882	15,369	6,658	0/0	r D	7,591	5,383	10 763	0 1	16,914	35,167	1,615	2,651	4,764	•	2.600	441.205	111111
				Staff Costs (see note 13)	Rent	Travel Costs	Recruitment Costs		Publicity	Post Stationary and Office Costs	Telephone and IT		Digital Opgrade	Consultancy - Innovative Projects	Insurance	Meetings, Training & Venues	Unrecoverable VAT	Board and Members expenses	Audit Fees	í	

10 Summary analysis of expenditure related income for charitable activities

	Community	Rental	Landbanking	Pension	Faulds	Total
	Engagement	Activity	Activities	Fund	Fund	
	4J	લ	÷	41	4	4
Costs	587,754	354,819	1,197,522	,	,	2 140 095
Direct Grant Support	(55,241)	•	(115,459)	1	ľ	(170 700)
Net cost funded from other sources	530 513	254 840	7 000 000			
	010,200	0,400	1,002,003		-	1,969,395

Communities Housing Trust (Company Limited by Guarantee and not having a Share Capital) Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2022

11	Analysis of Governance costs	2022 Unrestricted £	2021 Unrestricted £
	Board and Members Expenses	115	-
	Audit Fees	8,104	5,000
		8,219	5,000
12	Operating surplus	2022 £	2021 £
	Operating surplus is stated after charging	L	2
	Auditors' fees	8,104	5,000
	Depreciation	36,509	16,257
13	Directors and employees	2022 £	2021 £
	Staff costs (see note 9)		100.007
	Wages	507,551	488,997
	Social security	50,264	48,042 55 501
	Other pension costs	61,529 619,344	55,501 592,540
		010,077	332,070

The number of employees, including the Chief Executive Officer, who received remuneration during the year (excluding superannuation contributions) in the following ranges:

	2022	2021
	Number	Number
£60,000 - £69,999	1	1
	No	No
Average number of persons employed	16	15

Expenses paid to Community Elected Directors on the Trust Board totalled £0 (2021 - £NIL).

Other than reimbursement of their legitimately incurred expenses, Board Directors are not entitled to receive any other payment for the services they give to the Trust.

Pension Scheme

The staff are able to become members of the SFHA Pension Scheme details of which are given in Note 29.

The Pension Charge represents contributions paid by the Trust during the year which amounted to £61,529 (2021 - £55,501).

Communities Housing Trust (Company Limited by Guarantee and not having a Share Capital) Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2022

14	Trustees' remuneration and costs of key management personnel	2022 £	2021 £
	Staff costs	4	~
	Wages	100,029	102,655
	Social Security	11,363	11,742
	Other pension costs	8,363	8,491
		119,756	122,888

The key management personnel are the Chief Executive Officer and Principal Officer.

15	Interest payable and other charges	2	022	
		Unrestricted	Restricted	Total
		£	£	£
	Bank Interest and charges	105,913	500	106,413
		105,913	500	106,413
	Interest payable and other charges	21	021	
		Unrestricted	Restricted	Total
		£	£	£
	Bank Interest and charges	91,297	415	91,712
		91,297	415	91,712

16 Corporation Tax

The Trust was recognised by the Inland Revenue as a Scottish Charity on 10 February 1998. All income is applicable and applied to charitable purposes and relief is given to the Trust under Section 505 Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1988.

Communities Housing Trust (Company Limited by Guarantee and not having a Share Capital) Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2022

17 Fixed Assets

7	Fixed Assets				
		Heritable	Equipment	Furniture	Total
		Property		& Fittings	
		£	£	3	£
	Cost				
	Cost 31 March 2021	1,483,380	56,849	4,157	1,544,386
	Additions	33,219			33,219
	Transfers	416,769			416,769
	Disposals	(207,033)	(6,849)	(4,157)	(218,039)
	Cost 31 March 2022	1,726,335	50,000	-	1,776,335
	Depreciation				
	Depreciation 31 March 2021	143,975	16,849	4,157	164,981
	Charge for year	26,509	10,000	-	36,509
	Disposals	(5,525)	(6,849)	(4,157)	(16,531)
	Depreciation 31 March 2022	164,959	20,000	<u> </u>	184,959
	Net Book Value				
	31 March 2022	1,561,376	30,000	-	1,591,376
	31 March 2021	1,339,405	40,000	-	1,379,405

All assets are held for charitable purposes.

All of these properties have been valued as at 31 March 2015 by the District Valuer. The valuation was based on the open market value and was undertaken in accordance with the RICS Statement of Assets Practice and Guidance Notes.

Most of the properties are on secure Private Rented Tenancies.

	Valuation	Cost	Decrease in Value
As at 31 March 2015	1,583,362	1,439,532	143,830

The directors consider that there has been no material impairment in the market value of the heritable property in the year ended 31 March 2022 and the market value at 31 March 2022 remains in excess of historic costs.

(Company Limited by Guarantee and not having a Share Capital) Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2022

18	Land Banking and Development Properties			
		Land	Feasibility	Total
		Banking	Studies	
	Cost	£	£	£

	Banking	Studies	
	£	£	£
Cost			
31 March 2021	6,917,660	5 4 ,548	6,972,208
Additions	466,258	16,450	482,708
Transfers	(416,769)		(416,769)
Disposals/Written Off	(1,140,894)		(1,140,894)
31 March 2022	5,826,255	70,998	5,897,253

19	Debtors	2022 £	2021 £
	Other debtors	91 430	176 126

20	Creditors due within one year	2022	2021
		£	£
	Highland Council Loans	_	274,000
	Scottish Government Loan - Rent to Buy	827,599	783,929
	Triodos Loan	6,287	
	Nationwide Foundation Loan	2,730	5,000
	Digital Loan	10,000	10,000
	Trade Creditors	76,396	88,165
	Other taxation and social security	27,854	26,838
	Accruals	15.980	9,010
	Other Creditors	50,060	0,010
		1,016,906	1,196,942

(Company Limited by Guarantee and not having a Share Capital) Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2022

21 Creditors:

Amounts falling due after more than one year

Scottish Government Loan - Rent to Buy	Amounts falling due after more than one year	2022 £	2021 £
3,216,725 3,585,7	Highland Council Nationwide Foundation Loan Triodos Loan	40,000 54,016 253,674 22,500	3,461,380 40,000 51,895 - 32,500
	Digital Loan	3,216,725	3,585,775

The Rent to Buy loans are secured by specific charges on land owned by CHT and are repayable in full on 31 March 2022 or the sixth anniversary of the completion date. Interest is chargeable on this loan from 1 April 2013 at 2.2% per annum.

The Highland Council loan is secured over the land at former Lady Ross Hotel, Ardgay.

The Nationwide loan is unsecured. The Highland Council loan is considered to be a concessionary loan, it is secured by specific charges on land owned by HSCHT and is interest free.

The Digital loan is unsecured and interest free.

The Triodos Bank UK Limited loan is secured over all the subjects at Durness, Lairg.

	2022 £	2021 £
Analysis of loan repayments In the next year	846,616	1,072,929
In the second year In the third to fifth year	1,811,553 1,137,383	1,447,663 2,138,111
In more than five years	267,789 3,216,725	3,585,774
	4,063,341	4,658,703

(Company Limited by Guarantee and not having a Share Capital) Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2022

22 Operating Lease Commitments

The total of future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases is as follows:

	2022 £	2021 £
Due within one year	8,956	7,000
Due between 2-5 years Due after 5 years	7,918	7,583
	16,874	14,583

23 Agency Funds

The charity acts as an agent for The Scottish Government Self-Build Loan Fund. The total number of loans administered in the year were 17 with a value of £2,554,600 taking the total number of loans administered to 39 with a total value of £5,845,600. At 31 March 2022 the total funds held on behalf of The Scottish Government for this scheme was £2,789,746 (2021 £206,736).

24 Analysis of Net Assets between funds

	Unrestricted Funds £	Restricted Funds	Total £
Tangible Fixed Assets	1,591,376	_	1,591,376
Net Current Assets	2,069,963	3,256,037	5,326,000
Creditors falling due after more than one year Net defined benefit asset /	(3,216,725)	-	(0.040.77
(liability)	5,000		5,000
	449,613	3,256,037	3,705,650

Communities Housing Trust (Company Limited by Guarantee and not having a Share Capital)
Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2022

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Finds	Restricted Reserves	eserves	Faulds Memorial	Designated	Revenue	Pension	
	Properties &	CHS	Reserve	Reserve	Reserve	Reserve	Total
	Development			Land banking			
	, cri	М	લ	¢ł	ч	स	сJ
34 March 2021	3.222.432	(52,470)	132,168	80,023	674,135	(62,000)	3,994,288
Result for the Year	(98.563)	52,470	1	1	(309,545)	67,000	(288,638)
34 March 2022	3.123.869	·	132,168	80,023	364,590	5,000	3,705,650
					20	2022	2021
Kevenue Reserve						4i	c)
						179,590	458,492
Viaking Eurol Droporties						75,000	100,643
Silikilig Fulla Froperices						110,000	115,000
						364 590	674,135

CHS - Communities Housing Scotland is an expansion of our services outwith Highlands funded through grant support from the Nationwide Foundation. Properties & Development fund - The fund comprises grants specifically received to purchase and develop land and properties. Faulds Memorial - A fund to help individuals/families access affordable self-build plots.

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(Company Limited by Guarantee and not having a Share Capital) Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2022

26 Capital Commitments

At 31 March 2022 the charity had capital commitments as follows:

Contracted for but not provided in the financial statements:

Developments at:	2022	2021
Edderton Bettyhill Staffin Mallaig Kilbeg Phase 2 Lochcarron	2022 £ - 23,159 9,600 - 1,512,402	£ 96,533 280,418 127,112 90,000 1,182,515
	4 545 404	1,619,301
	1,545,161	3,395,879

27 Related Party Transactions

The Trust has various transactions with parties who have the right to nominate directors. These parties are the Highland Council, Albyn Housing Society Limited, Lochaber Housing Association Limited, Lochalsh & Skye Housing Association Limited and Pentland Housing Association Limited.

All transactions between the Trust and the organisations noted are at normal commercial rates.

2022

	<u>Trans</u> Sold to	sactions Purchased from	Balances at at Due to the Trust	31 March 2022 Due from the Trust
	£	£	£	£
Highland Council	44,582	19,109	1,860	104
Lochaber Housing Association Ltd	40,400	10,416	480	
Lochalsh & Skye Ltd	5,466	1,000	676	-
Pentland Housing Association Ltd	-	-	_	-

2021

	Trans	sactions	Balances at at	31 March 2021
	Sold to	Purchased from	Due to the Trust	Due from the Trust
	£	£	£	£
Highland Council	28,820	12,094	_	~
Lochaber Housing Association Ltd	109,139		410	_
Lochalsh & Skye Ltd	9,872	_	221	
Pentland Housing Association Ltd	3.345	-		-
All transactions between the Trust and the	ne organisations i	noted are at normal co	mmercial rates.	

(Company Limited by Guarantee and not having a Share Capital) Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2022

28 Legal status of the trust

Communities Housing Trust is a charitable company limited by guarantee not having a share capital. The liability of members is limited and is not to exceed £1 per member. As a result, no single party has control of the Trust.

Scottish Housing Associations' Pension Scheme

TPT Retirement Solutions - Scottish Housing Associations' Pension Scheme

The company participates in the scheme, a multi-employer scheme which provides benefits to some 155 nonassociated employers. The scheme is a defined benefit scheme in the UK.

Until 1 April 2018, it was not possible for the company to obtain sufficient information to enable it to account for the scheme as a defined benefit scheme. Therefore, it accounted for the scheme as a defined contribution scheme.

The scheme is subject to the funding legislation outlined in the Pensions Act 2004 which came into force on 30 December 2005. This, together with documents issued by the Pensions Regulator and Technical Actuarial Standards issued by the Financial Reporting Council, set out the framework for funding defined benefit occupational pension schemes in the UK.

The scheme is classified as a 'last-man standing arrangement'. Therefore, the company is potentially liable for other participating employers' obligations if those employers are unable to meet their share of the scheme deficit following withdrawal from the scheme. Participating employers are legally required to meet their share of the scheme deficit on an annuity purchase basis on withdrawal from the scheme.

A full actuarial valuation for the scheme was carried out at 30 September 2015. This actuarial valuation showed assets of £616m, liabilities of £814m and a deficit of £198m. To eliminate this funding shortfall, the Trustee has asked the participating employers to pay additional contributions to the scheme as follows:

Deficit contributions

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From 1 April 2017 to 28 February 2022:	£25,735,092 per annum (payable monthly and increasing by 3% each on
	1st April)
= 4 April 2017 to 30 June 2025:	£727,217 per annum
From 1 April 2017 to 30 June 2025:	(payable monthly and increasing by 3% each on
	1st April)
From 1 April 2017 to 31 October 2026:	£1,239,033 per annum
From 1 April 2017 to 31 October 2020.	(payable monthly and increasing by 3% each on
	1st April)

Unless a concession has been agreed with the Trustee the term to 28 February 2022 applies.

The recovery plan contributions are allocated to each participating employer in line with their estimated share of the scheme liabilities.

Up to 31 March 2018, where the scheme is in deficit and where the company has agreed to a deficit funding arrangement the company recognised a liability for this obligation. The amount recognised was the net present value of the deficit reduction contributions payable under the agreement that related to the deficit. The present value was calculated using the discount rate detailed in these disclosures. The unwinding of the discount rate was recognised as a finance cost.

(Company Limited by Guarantee and not having a Share Capital) Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2022

29 Scottish Housing Associations' Pension Scheme (continued)

Disclosures related to the defined benefit fund liability

Present values of defined benefit obligation, fair value of assets and defined benefit liability

	Year Ending	Year Ending
	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
	(£'000)	(£'000)
Fair value of plan assets	697	673
Present value of defined benefit obligation	692	735
Surplus/(deficit) in plan	5	(62)
Unrecognised surplus	5	-
Defined benefit liability recognised	_	(62)

Reconciliation of the impact of the asset ceiling

	Year Ending
	31 March 2022
	(£'000)
Impact of the asset ceiling at the start of the year	-
Effect of the asset ceiling included in net interest cost	
Actuarial losses/(gains) on asset ceiling	5
Impact of the asset ceiling at the end of the year	5

Defined benefit costs recognised in Statement of Financial Activities

	Year Ending	Year Ending
	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
	(£'000)	(£'000)
Net interest expense	1	1
Transition from deficit funding liability to defined benefit liability	-	-
Defined benefit cost recognised in SOFA	2	1

(Company Limited by Guarantee and not having a Share Capital) Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2022

29 Scottish Housing Associations' Pension Scheme (continued)

Reconciliation of opening and closing balances of the defined benefit obligation

	Year Ending	Year Ending	
	31 March 2022	31 March 2021	
	(£'000)	(£'000)	
Defined benefit obligation at start of period	735	589	
Expenses	1	1	
Interest expense	16	14	
Actuarial losses/(gains) due to scheme experience	11	5	
Actuarial losses/(gains) due to changes in demographic assumptions	2	-	
Actuarial losses/(gains) due to changes in financial assumptions	(68)	127	
Benefits paid and expenses	(5)	(1)	
Defined benefit obligation at end of period	692	735	

Reconciliation of opening and closing balances of the fair value of plan assets

	Year Ending 31 March 2022 (£'000)	Year Ending 31 March 2021 (£'000)
Fair value of plan assets at start of period	673	599
Interest income	15	14
Experience on plan assets (excluding amounts included in interest income) - gain/(loss)	(4)	44
Employer contributions	18	17
Member contributions	-	-
Benefits paid and expenses	(5)	(1)
Fair value of plan assets at end of period	697	673

(Company Limited by Guarantee and not having a Share Capital) Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2022

29 Scottish Housing Associations' Pension Scheme (continued)

Defined benefit cost recognised in other comprehensive income

	Year Ending 31 March 2022	Year Ending 31 March 2021 (£'000)
	(£'000)	
Experience on plan assets (excluding amounts included in net interest cost) - gain/(loss)	(4)	44
Experience gains and losses arising on the plan liabilities - gain/(loss)	(11)	(5)
Effects of changes in the demographic assumptions underlying the present value of the defined benefit obligation -gain/(loss)	(2)	-
Effects of changes in the financial assumptions underlying the present value of the defined benefit obligation - gain/(loss)	68	(127)
Total actuarial gains and losses - gain/(loss)	51	(88)
Effects of changes in the amount of surplus that is not recoverable - gain (loss)	(5)	10
Total amount recognised in other comprehensive income - gain/(loss)	46	(78)

Key Assumptions

	31 March 2022	31 March 2021 % per annum
	% per annum	
Discount rate	2.79	2.20
Inflation (RPI)	3.51	3.25
Inflation (CPI)	3.16	2.87
Salary Growth	4.16	3.87
Allowance for commutation of pension for cash at retirement	75% of maximum allowance	75% of maximum allowance

The mortality assumptions adopted at 31 March 2022 imply the following life expectancies:

	Life expectancy	
	At age 65	
	(Years)	
Male retiring in 2021	21.5	
Female retiring in 2021	23.4	
Male retiring in 2041	22.8	
Female retiring in 2041	25	

(Company Limited by Guarantee and not having a Share Capital) Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2022

29 Scottish Housing Associations' Pension Scheme (continued)

Assets

Year ending	31 March 2022	31 March 2021 (£'000)
	(£'000)	
Global equity	138	104
Absolute return	32	33
Distressed Opportunities	25	23
Credit Relative Value	22	19
Alternative Risk Premia	29	27
Emerging Markets Debt	26	27
Risk Sharing	23	24
Insurance-Linked Securities	15	14
Property	18	12
Infrastructure	44	38
Private Debt	18	16
Opportunistic Illiquid Credit	23	17
High Yield	7	18
Opportunistic Credit	2	18
Cash	2	_
Corporate Bond Fund	44	51
Liquid Credit	4	12
Long Lease Property	20	16
Secured Income	37	37
Liability Driven Investment	169	162
Currency Hedging	(3)	
Net Current Assets	2	5
Total assets	697	673

None of the fair values of the assets shown above include any direct investments in the employer's own financial instruments or any property occupied by, or other assets used by, the employer.

30 Controlling interest

The charity is controlled by the trustees.